











# DO YOU KNOW THE DIFFERENT TYPES OF FIRES?

Not all fires are the same. Per NFPA 10, items burning may be classified into one or more of the following fire classes and your fire protection specialist will select the right fire extinguisher size and agent for the hazard.

CLASS	SYMBOL	PICTOGRAM	MATERIALS	EXAMPLES
<b>A</b>			Ordinary combustible materials	Wood, paper, cloth, rubber, and many plastics
<b>B</b>			Flammable liquids and gases	Gasoline, petroleum greases, tars, oils, oil-based paints, solvents, alcohols, propane, and butane
<b>C</b>			Energized electrical equipment	Computers, servers, motors, transformers, and appliances
<b>D</b>			Combustible metals	Magnesium, titanium, zirconium, sodium, lithium, and potassium
<b>K</b>			Cooking oils and greases	Animal and vegetable fats

